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May you be blessed on your homeschooling journey.



## Parts of a VOLCANO Guided Notes

Learning to take notes is an important skill to learn. These guided notes are effective in encouraging reading comprehension and note-taking skills. Make sure to use the guided notes with the "Parts of a VOLCANO" slideshow. Happy learning!

## Volcanoes Guided Notes

1) A	A is a weak spot in the crust where				
magma comes to the	surface.				
2)What causes volcanoe	es to form?				
a					
b		<del></del>			
C	<del>-</del>	<del></del>			
3)A z	zone is when two tectonic plates				
, also kr	iown as a	boundary.			
4)An		is a chain of			
volcanic islands or mo	untains formed	d as an oceanic tectonic			
plate subducts under	another tector	onic plate causing magma			
to rise to the surface	ટ.				
5)The	is a n	nountain range in the			
ocean that is caused	by	plate boundaries.			
When the plates mov	e	_, magma rises and cools.			
6)The		is a major volcano bel	†		
formed by many volce	inoes that rim	the Pacific Ocean.			

7)An area where magma from deep within the mantle melts					
through the crust like a blow torch is called a					
	·				
8) A fixed hot spot created the Islands 9) Where can you find volcanoes in the United States?					
10)	is molten mixture of rock-forming				
substances, gases	and water vapor in the				
	·				
11) A	is a mass of rock formed when a				
large body of	cools inside the crust.				
12) A	happens when magma forces itself				
across rock layers	and then hardens				
13) A	is magma that squeezes between				
layers of rock	·				
14) The area covere	d by lava as it pours out of a vent (top of				
volcano) is called _	·				
15) The two main ty	pes of lava are and				
•					

16)	Pahoehoe is		<del> </del>	hot lava.
17)	Aa is cooler and		_ moving	lava that is not
S	mooth.			
18)	When magma or lavo	a cools, tl	ney becom	ne
r	ock	, obsidiar	١,	, and pumice
a	re common igneous ro	ocks.		
19)	The			is where magma
C	ollects in a pocket.			
20)	The long tube in the	ground -	that conne	ects the magma
С	hamber to the surfac	ce is calle	ed the	•
21)	Molten rock and gas	leave th	e volcano	through an opening
C	alled the	•		
22)	The	is	a bowl-sh	aped area that may
f	orm at the top of a v	olcano ar	ound the	volcano's central
V	ent.			
23)	An			is the cloud of
ash that forms in the air after some volcanic eruptions.				

## Volcanoes Guided Notes

- 1.) A volcano is a weak spot in the crust where magma comes to the surface.
- 2.) What causes volcanoes to form?
  - a. Convergent boundary
  - b. Divergent boundary
  - c. Hot spots
- 3.) A subduction zone is when two tectonic plates collide, also known as a convergent boundary.
- 4.) An island arc is a chain of volcanic islands or mountains formed as an oceanic tectonic plate subducts under another tectonic plate causing magma to rise to the surface.
- 5.) The mid-ocean ridge is a mountain range in the ocean that is caused by divergent plate boundaries. When the plates move apart magma rises and cools.
- 6.) The Ring of Fire is a major volcano belt formed by many volcanoes that rim the Pacific Ocean.

- 7.) An area where magma from deep within the mantle melts through the crust like a blow torch is called a Hot Spot.
- 8.) A fixed hot spot created the Hawaiian Islands.
- 9.) Where can you find volcanoes in the United States? On the west coast and along the coastline of Alaska
- 10.) Magma is molten mixture of rock-forming substances, gases, and water vapor in the crust.
- 11.) A batholith is a mass of rock formed when a large body of magma cools inside the crust.
- 12.) A dike happens when magma forces itself across rock layers and then hardens vertically.
- 13.) A sill is magma that squeezes between layers of rock horizontally.
- 14.) The area covered by lava as it pours out of a vent (top of volcano) is called lava flow.
- 15.) The two main types of lava are Pahoehoe and Aa.
- 16.) Pahoehoe is fast-moving hot lava.
- 17.) Aa is cooler and slower moving lava that is not smooth.

- 18.) When magma or lava cools, they become igneous rock.

  Basalt, obsidian, granite, and pumice are common igneous rocks.
- 19.) The magma chamber is where magma collects in a pocket.
- 20.) The long tube in the ground that connects the magma chamber to the surface is called the pipe.
- 21.) Molten rock and gas leave the volcano through an opening called the vent.
- 22.) The crater is a bowl-shaped area that may form at the top of a volcano around the volcano's central vent.
- 23.) An ash cloud is the cloud of ash that forms in the air after some volcanic eruptions.